

SAFESPUR Forum

Re-use and recycling of crushed concrete aggregate

Current practice in the nuclear sector – Sellafield Ltd.

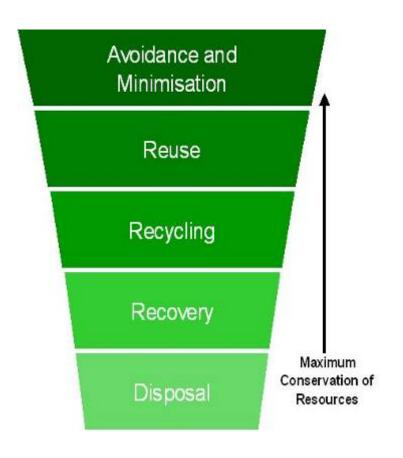
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- Estimated volume of 2,000,000 m³ of waste concrete arising over lifetime decommissioning of Sellafield Site alone.
- Bulk of which is likely to be clean/exempt waste.
- Unable to avoid waste production – it is already in existence - but we can reuse!





- Opportunity to apply Waste Management Hierarchy
- Established principles and cornerstone of Waste Management Legislation.
- Most preferred option is highest, least preferred option lowest.



Current options for re-use of waste concrete 1: Hardstanding / Landscaping for new projects







Current options for re-use of waste concrete 2:



- Concrete re-use on Sellafield Site primarily for landscaping purposes. (Calder Cooling Tower basins shown)
- Haul road comprises re-used aggregate
- Trial undertaken on Sealine concrete covers.
- Identified/confirmed other uses possible.



- Large amounts of potential reuse of construction concrete
- New build programme to support the decommissioning of Sellafield Ltd
- Opportunity for new build to embrace best practice in waste management
- Could contain chlorides due to the coastal marine climate over >60 years exposure.





Demolition of iconic nuclear structures



- Demolition material classified as either Exempt or VLLW.
- •The standard BS8500-2 offers a specification with quality requirements for the uses of recycled concrete aggregates.
- •With a vast range of recycled aggregates an all encompassing guidance for the use of RCA is yet to be determined.



But there are difficulties...

Recycled Aggregate (RA) or Recycled Concrete Aggregate (RCA) **are not permitted** as aggregate for Structural Concrete and Shielding Concrete in Sellafield Ltd. specifications.

However, RA/RCA may be used for **non-structural** purposes such as mass concrete fill, support for hard landscaping (e.g. Mass concrete, road sub-base, blinding, screeds and fill) are applications which could meet Sellafield Ltd specification depending on application.

But for the use of RCA there is no **trend at present** and **no timeline** for Building Demolition at Sellafield site.



Sustainable concrete design using PFA up to 40% & GGBS up to 70% is well established and permitted in new structural concrete.



Casting GGBS Concrete at Sellafield



- NNL Potential for grout filling of encapsulation wastes drums using Fine Recycled Concrete Aggregate
- Performed by NNL with funding provided through the NDA's Direct Research Portfolio





Decommissioning waste infilled with PFA:OPC is the type of application for FRCA.



FINALLY – Discussion Issues

- LLWR applying sustainable principles for wastes receipts
- Recycling/reuse on nuclear sites is preference by Regulators
- Quality of aggregate arising not established (testing?)
- Would Contractor take risk/responsibility for site RCA (testing?)
- Supply uncertain for increasing number of new construction projects – try to match supply with demand
- NNL Potential for grout filling of encapsulation wastes drums using Fine Recycled Concrete Aggregate

